### PREFACE

"Water" is a prime natural resource and is considered as a precious national asset. It is a major constituent of all living beings. Water is available in two basic forms i.e. Surface water and Ground Water.

This report includes Surface Water quality data in West Flowing Rivers South of Tapi Basin for the period of June 2014 to May 2015. The Independent rivers Damanganga, Vaitarna, Ulhas &Patalganga are included in this report. This report has been prepared by the agency M/s. E Solution Services, Nashik as the agency was awarded the contract for Operation and Maintenance of Water Quality Lab Level-II, Kalwa (Thane) for the said period. The data has been interpreted to know the affected locations.

Therefore it is a great pleasure to handing over this precise report on analysis of water samples carried out at WQ Laboratory Level – II at Kalwa (Thane).

The report attempts to briefly describe an over view and general conclusion based on the basis of water quality data of water samples collected from sampling locations as per approved network and as per defined frequencies for the reported period.

It is expected that this report will provide an idea in brief about Water Quality Laboratory Level-II at Kalwa(Thane). Our efforts can always be updated through valuable suggestions.

**(S. L. Shete)** Sub Divisional Officer Hydrology Project Sub Division Kalwa (Thane) **(S.C.Bodheker)** Executive Engineer Hydrology Project Division Kalwa (Thane)

# INDEX

Chapter	Particulars	Page No.
1	Executive Summary	1-4
2	Introduction	5-9
3	Methodology	10-18
4	Results & Observations	19-28
5	Conclusion	29-30
6	Other Activities	31
7	Annexure	32-38

# CHAPTER 1 EXECUTIVE SUMMERY

#### 1.1 Preamble

The water quality monitoring in the area of surface water is performed in order to determine the quality of water. Various parameters are analyzed in the laboratory and 6 parameters are tested at field level. All these tasks recorded are utilized for preparing the Annual Report by performing some specific exercise. This data is considered in order to specify the quality of water at each location. This also helps to determine the pollution level or concentration in each source of water at each location.

#### 1.2 Water Quality Monitoring – Objectives

Observations of analysis of physical & chemical parameters as per "Uniform Protocol for Water Quality Monitoring 2005" for each location followed by Operation and Maintenance of Water Quality Laboratory Level-II, Kalwa (Thane) as per Standard Guidelines and mandates including collection, transportation and analysis of samples, data entry in SWDES Software and preparation of the said Annual Report as per specific guidelines issued by Superintending Engineer, Data Collection, Planning & Hydrology Circle, Nashik.

#### 1.3 Water Quality Monitoring – Scope

The Annual Report is prepared for the period June 2014 to May 2015 of the water year 2014-2015. The Table below shows the number of samples analyzed during the reported period. In order to study water quality status location wise, all locations covered under this lab during the year 2014-2015 are considered.

S. No.	Year	Trend Samples	Baseline Samples	Dam (Reservoir) Samples	Total
1	2014-15	81	0	36	117
	Тс	117			

#### Table 1 Samples Analyzed during the reporting period

Seasonal averages of all analyzed parameters are calculated for study of seasonal water quality trend at each location.

### 1.4 Methodology

Analysis of Physical and Chemical parameters is done in the laboratory on the basis of Standard Analytical Methods, Instrument Operating Instructions, HIS Manuals and APHA, 21<sup>st</sup>Edition 2005.

Data analyzed further validated with prescribed method as per Water Quality Manuals to verify various validation ratios manually and is entered in SWDES Software for Water Quality Data Entry. Further the data is sent to State Datacenter for storage and further dissemination to users.

Furthermore to get an idea about the data generated for the period, it is decided and instructed to analyze the generated data for the said period in the form of Annual report with the help of various tools in SWDES Software to find out critical parameters and critical locations in the jurisdiction of this Lab.

#### 1.5 Results and Observations:

After observing all this data it is clear that most of the chemical parameters are also within tolerance limits, except following parameters.

- All the physical parameters are within the acceptable limit as per IS 10500 drinking water quality standard at all location in all seasons except TDS at Made location in summer and winter season.
- All the chemical parameters are within the acceptable limit as per IS 10500 drinking water quality standard at all location in all seasons except Total Hardness, Calcium, Magnesium, Chloride and Boron at Made location in summer and winter location.
- Total Coliforms exceeding the acceptable limit as per IS 10500 drinking water quality standard at all location in all season. Due to discharge of sewage effluent into the water body.
- From the observations at Mande location, almost all parameters are exceeding the desired limit which indicates that at the upstream of this location there are a considerable source of pollution. i.e. non point source which is to be find out for further desired study.

#### 1.6 Conclusion

From the results, it is observed that, these rivers are polluted to varying extent. The increasing urbanization and industrialization in the area is affecting the quality of the water to a great extent. The physicochemical as well as bacteriological water quality of these river systems is not satisfactory and this can further deteriorate in the nearby future.

The BOD and COD loading in the water body is an evidence of the anthropogenic activities in the catchments of the rivers, which is adversely influencing the water quality.

Biological parameters in all locations contain higher bacterial count is due to the discharge of sewage, drainage waste in to the water sources. The habit of open defecation is a common site on the bank of rivers that consequently floods into the river causing deterioration of the quality of the water. Even increase in human activities discharge bacteria of various type in to the water, which increase the number of count in the water.

### 1.7 Recommendations/Remedial Measures:

- Domestic effluents may be treated and disinfected before discharging.
- Effluents from the non-point sources may be identified. These are required to be collected and treated.
- Use of water of such polluted locations may be useful for tolerant crops and is recommended based on special study.
- Use of direct source water is to be avoided.
- Bathing at such locations should be restricted.

### 1.8 Suggestions:

- Awareness in community through local bodies, NGO's, Educational institutes.
- Water literacy shall be increased.
- All disciplines can come together for water awareness campaigning.
- Annual Report shall be published regularly.
- Lean flow in river shall be maintained.

# CHAPTER 2 INTRODUCTION

#### 2.1General

The water quality monitoring in the area of surface water is performed in order to determine the quality of water. Various parameters are analyzed in the laboratory and 6 parameters are tested at field level. All these tasks are recorded are utilized for preparing the Annual Report by performing some specific exercise. These data are considered in order to specify the quality of water at each location. This also helps to determine the pollution level or concentration in each source of water at each station.

#### 2.2 Water Quality Monitoring – Objectives

Observations of analysis of physical & chemical parameters as per "Uniform Protocol for Water Quality Monitoring Order 2005" for each location followed by Operation and Maintenance of Water Quality Laboratory Level-II, Kalwa (Thane) as per Standard Guidelines and mandates including collection, transportation and analysis of samples, data entry in SWDES Software and preparation of the said Annual Report as per specific guidelines issued by Superintending Engineer, Hydrology Project Circle( Collection), Nashik,

#### 2.3 Water Quality Monitoring - Scope

In order to study water quality status station wise, all locations covered under this lab during the period June 2014 to May 2015 are considered.

Seasonal averages of all analyzed parameters are calculated for study of seasonal water quality trend at each location.

#### 2.4 Other activities

Apart from monitoring of water quality network for Water Quality lab level II at Kalwa (Thane), the infrastructure facility is made available to the users from various Government, Non Government, Private sector as well as individuals.

The facility has been availed by users with testing of sample towards drinking purpose, construction purpose.

Since the laboratory has been established recently, the clients that have approached are very few and are mostly individuals. Efforts are being carried out to attract more clients such as Municipal Corporations, Industries, Institutions etc.

During the period June 2014 to May 2015, some clients approached to the laboratory.

Total revenue of Rs. 24796/- has been generated during this period.

#### 2.5 Salient Features :

#### 1. General Structure of Laboratory:

1) Sampling Locations as per Water Quality Network covered in this Lab:-19

2) Monthly sample collection: June to October-16 samples

November to May- 6 samples

3) Frequency of sampling: **Trend** – Monthly

#### Dam samples - Monthly

4) Govt. staff related to Laboratory:

Smt. S.C. Bodhekar Executive Engineer Mr. S.L. Shete Sub Divisional Officer Smt. A.R. Parse (AE-II. & Govt. Analyst) Mrs. S. S. Dhavan (C.E.A) 5) Lab operating Agency: E Solution Services

Agency staff related to Laboratory:

a) Indoor Work

- 1. Mrs. Chitra More (Research Assistant)
- 2. Miss. Ranjana Kadu (Sr. Research Officer)
- 3. Miss. Megha Jaipurkar (Research Assistant)
- 4. Mr. Sanchit Kakade (Research Assistant)
- 5. Mr. Rahul (Lab. Assistant)

### 2. Scope of Work:

Operation and Maintenance of water Quality Laboratory Level-II, Kalwa (Thane)

**Outdoor Work** - Surface water sampling and transporting the sample from selected Water Quality network sampling points as per schedule of sampling during the said period.

### The Surface Water sampling includes:

- **a)** Field determination as per standard guideline.
- Field parameters to be tested on site & entry to be taken on ID form.
- c) Sample to be transported to laboratory within prescribed time limit.

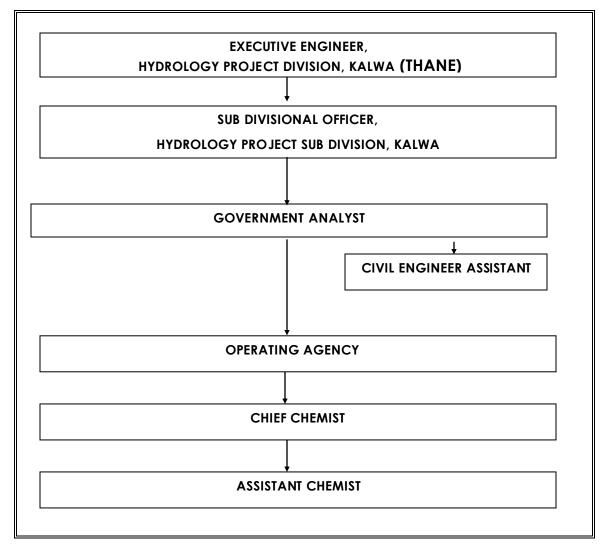
### Indoor Work:

- Day to Day Operation and Maintenance of Water Quality Laboratory Level II.
- The work includes analysis of water samples as per the test procedures.
- Operating the instruments as per specified instruction manual.

• Entry of data in SWDES Software.

The Laboratory staff employed;

- 1. Chief Chemist: 1No.
- 2. Sr. Research Officers: 1Nos.
- **3.** Research Assistant: 1 No.
- 4. Lab. Assistant: 1 No.
- The Indoor work also includes keeping data record.
- Log book of Lab equipment
- Preparation of monthly sampling Schedule.
- Keeping sampling record, instruments operation, Laboratory Management, demonstration
- Training to Departmental staff as and when required.
- Information to visitors & Customer Satisfaction. Work is carried out as per flow chart.



#### ORGANISATION CHART

### CHAPTER 3 METHODOLOGY

#### 3.1 General

This laboratory is for Surface Water analysis and the area covered during the period June 2014 to May 2015 is Damanganga, Vaitarna, Ulhas & Patalganga Rivers and some selected reservoirs.

#### 3.1 Rivers

Water is life and rivers are lifelines. Fortunately almost the entire country is criss-crossed by rivers. Geographical area of the state is divided in five river basins viz. Godavari, Tapi, Narmada, Krishna and West flowing rivers in Konkan region.

#### 3.2 Water Quality Monitoring - Objectives

Observations of analysis of physical & chemical parameters as per "Uniform Protocol for Water Quality Monitoring Order 2005" for each location followed by Operation and Maintenance of Water Quality Laboratory Level-II, Kalwa (Thane) as per Standard Guidelines and mandates including collection, transportation and analysis of samples, data entry in SWDES Software and preparation of the said Annual Report as per specific guidelines issued by Superintending Engineer, Hydrology Project Circle( Collection), Nashik.

#### 3.3 Methodology

Analysis of Physical and Chemical parameters is done in the laboratory on the basis of Standard Analytical Methods, Instrument Operating Instructions, HIS Manuals, and APHA, 21<sup>st</sup> Ed., 2005.

Data analyzed further validated with prescribed method as per Water Quality Manuals to verify various Ratios manually and is entered in SWDES Software for Water Quality Data Entry. Further the data is sent to State Data Center for further dissemination to user end.

Furthermore to get an idea of about data generated for the period it is decided and instructed to analyzed the generated data for the said period in the form of Annual report with the help of various tools in SWDES Software to find out critical parameters and critical locations in the jurisdiction of this Lab.

The Annual Report is prepared for the period June 2014 to May 2015 of the water year 2013-14. The Table below shows the number of samples analyzed during the reported period. In order to study water quality status location wise, all locations covered under this lab during the period June 2014 to May 2015 are considered.

S. No.	Year	Trend Samples	Baseline Samples	Dam (Reservoir) Samples	Total
1	2014-15	81	0	36	117
	Т	117			

Table 2Samples analysed during the reporting period

The details of location wise samples analyzed are as below:

S. N.	Name of Station	Name of River	Jun 14	July 14	Aug. 14	Sept 14	Oct. 14	Nov. 14	Dec 14	Jan. 15	Feb. 15	Mar. 15	Apr. 15	May 15	Total
	Damanganga S	ub-Basin													
1.	Khadkhad	Domihira	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12
2.	Khadadi	Lendi	0	1	1	1	1								4
3.	Shindyachapa da	Dhamni	0	1	1	1	1								4
	Vaitarna Sub-Ba	ısin													
1.	Waghivali	Galoba Nala	0	1	1	1	1								4
2.	Alman	Vaitrana	0	1	1	1	1								4
3.	Chinchara	Surya	1	1	1	1	1								5
4.	Kasa	Surya	1	1	1	1	1								5
5.	Surya Dam	Surya	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12
	Ulhas Sub-Basin														
1.	Kambe	Ulhas	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12
2.	Mande	Kalu	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12
3.	Khapri	Kalu	0	1	1	1	1								4
4.	Bhatsa Dam	Bhatsa	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12
	Patalganga Sub	-Basin													
1	Hetawane Dam	Bhogeshwari	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12
	Savitri Sub-Basin	1													
1	Bridge at Kal	Kal	1	1	1	1	1								5
2.	Kangule	Savitri	1	1	1	1	1								5
3.	Birwadi	Kal	1	1	1	1	1								5
	TOTAL		11	16	16	16	16	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	117

#### 3.4 Flow Chart

The work of analysis of sample is being monitored on the basis of flow chart generated in the lab as per standard guidelines and analysis of sample is performed as per guidelines of world bank with HIS manuals and APHA,21<sup>st</sup>Ed, 2005 as a standard procedures for analysis of samples.

### FLOW CHART OF ANALYSIS OF HP WATER SAMPLES

Sample Collection from Sampling Source with the help of Depth Sampler

**Treatment:** D.O. Fixing, Preservation of MPN Sample, Colour, Odour Temp, pH, EC, tested on field, and fill up ID form.

At Laboratory: Inward the Sample, Giving the Sr. No. to the sample noted into sample entry register

ID form entry taken into SWEDS Software

Tests are carried out in lab as per Standard Procedures. These tests are : Microbiological test, Chlorophyll-a, Temp, pH, D.O., B.O.D, Ammonia, Nitrate, Nitrite, TDS, TSS, C.O.D., Turbidity, Alkalinity, Carbonate & Bicarbonate, Chloride, Fluoride, Boron, Iron, Sodium, Potassium, Total Hardness, Phosphorous, Calcium etc.

Observations & calculations of all Analyzed Parameters are entered in the Data Sheet

The results of parameters are checked & validated

After Validation Check, all the data is entered in to Data Record and Validation Register

This data is finally entered in to SWEDS Software

Data sent to Executive Engineer, HDP Division, Nashik for further action

S. No	Parameters	Methodology
1.	Colour	APHA, 21st Ed., 2005, 2120-B, 2-2
2.	Odour	IS 3025 (Part 5): 1983, Reaffirmed 2006
3.	Temperature	APHA, 21st Ed., 2005, 2550-B, 2-61
4.	рН	APHA, 21st Ed., 2005, 4500-H+- B, 4-90
5.	Electric Conductivity	APHA, 21st Ed., 2005, 2510- B, 2-47
6.	Dissolved Oxygen	IS 3025 (Part 38): 1989, Reaffirmed 2003
7.	Turbidity	APHA, 21st Ed., 2005, 2130-B, 2-9
8.	Total Solids	IS 3025 (Part 15): 1984, Reaffirmed 2003, Amds.1
9.	Total Dissolved Solids	IS 3025 (Part 16): 1984, Reaffirmed 2006, Ed.2.1 (1999-12)
10.	Suspended Solids	IS 3025 (Part 17): 1984, Reaffirmed 2006, Amds.1
11.	NH <sub>3</sub> -N	APHA, 21 <sup>st</sup> Ed., 2005, 4500-NH <sub>3</sub> F, 4-110
12.	Nitrite	APHA, 21st Ed., 2005, 4500-NO2-B, 4-118
13.	Nitrate	APHA,21st Ed., 2005, 4500-NO <sub>3</sub> , B -4 -120
14.	Total Phosphorous	APHA, 21st Ed., 2005, 4500 P, E, 4-153
15.	Biochemical Oxygen Demand	IS 3025 (Part 44): 1993, Reaffirmed 2003, Amds.1
16.	Chemical Oxygen Demand	APHA, 21st Ed., 2005, 5220-B, 5-15
17.	Potassium	IS 3025 (Part 45): 1993, Reaffirmed 2003, Amds.1
18.	Sodium	IS 3025 (Part 45):1993, Reaffirmed 2003, Amds.1
19.	Calcium	APHA, 21st Ed., 2005, 3500-B, 3-65
20.	Magnesium	APHA, 21st Ed., 2005, 3500-Mg, B, 3-84
21.	Iron	APHA, 21st Ed., 2005, 3111-B, 3-17
22.	Carbonate	APHA, 21 <sup>st</sup> Ed., 2005, 2320-B, 2-27, 5 -1 & 4500- CO <sub>2</sub> -D, 4-34
23.	Bicarbonate	APHA, 21 <sup>st</sup> Ed., 2005, 2320-B, 2-27, 5 -3 & 4500- CO <sub>2</sub> -D, 4-34
24.	Chloride	APHA, 21st Ed., 2005, 4500-Cl, B, 4-70
25.	Fluoride	APHA, 21st Ed., 2005, 4500-F-, D, 4-85
26.	Boron	APHA, 21st Ed., 2005, 4500-B-C, 4-23
27.	Total Coliforms	APHA, 21st Ed., 2005, 9221-B, 9-49
28.	Faecal Coliforms	APHA, 21st Ed., 2005, 9221-E, 9-56
29.	Alkalinity	IS 3025 (Part 23): 1986, Reaffirmed 2003, Amds.1

Table 3 List of parameters and the methodology used for the analysis.

Sr. No.	Name of Station	Name of River	Frequency of sampling
		Trend Samples	
1.	Khadkhad	Domihira	Monthly
2.	Kambe	Ulhas	Monthly
3.	Mande	Kalu	Monthly
4.	Waghivali	GalobaNala	Monthly
5.	Alman	Vaitrana	Monthly
6.	Kasa	Surya	Monthly
7.	Chinchara	Surya	Monthly
8.	Khapri	Kalu	Monthly
9.	Bridge at Kal	Kal	Monthly
10.	Kangule	Savitri	Monthly
11.	Birwadi	Kal	Monthly
12.	Khadadi	Lendi	Monthly
13.	Shindyachapada	Dhamni	Monthly
		Reservoir Samples	1
1.	Bhatsa Dam	Bhatsa	Fortnightly
2.	Surya Dam	Surya	Fortnightly
3.	Hetawane Dam	Bhogeshwari	Fortnightly

#### Table 4 No. of Location covered under the jurisdiction of Water Quality Lab Level-II, Kalwa (Thane) during the period June 2014 to May 2015

#### Table 5 Limits as per Drinking Water Standard IS 10500:2012

S. No.	Parameters	IS 10500:2012 Requirement (Acceptable Limit)	Units
1.	Colour	Max 5	Hazen Unit
2.	Odour	Agreeable	-
3.	Temperature	-	°C
4.	Turbidity	1	NTU
5.	Total Suspended Solids	-	mg/L
6.	Total Dissolved Solids	500	mg/L
7.	pHvalue	6.5-8.5	
8.	Electrical Conductivity	-	µmho/ cm
9.	Biochemical Oxygen Demand (3 days, 27°C)	-	mg/L
10.	Chemical Oxygen Demand	-	mg/L
11.	Alkalinity (as CaCO3)	200	mg/L
12.	Carbonates (as CaCO <sub>3</sub> )	-	mg/L
13.	Bicarbonates (as CaCO <sub>3</sub> )	-	mg/L
14.	Total Hardness(as CaCO <sub>3</sub> )	200	mg/L
15.	Calcium (as Ca)	75	mg/L
16.	Magnesium (as Mg)	30	mg/L
17.	Chloride (as Cl)	250	mg/L

S. No.	Parameters	IS 10500:2012 Requirement (Acceptable Limit)	Units
18.	Fluoride (as F)	1	mg/L
19.	Nitrate (as NO3)	45	mg/L
20.	Nitrite (as NO <sub>2</sub> )	-	mg/L
21.	Total Phosphate (as P)	-	mg/L
22.	Sodium (as Na)	-	mg/L
23.	Potassium (as K)	-	mg/L
24.	Boron (as B)	0.5	mg/L
25.	Total Coliforms	Not detectable	MPN/ 100 ml

#### Table 6 CPCB Water Quality Criteria

Table 6 CFCB Water G	1			
Designated best use	Quality Class	Primary Water Quality Criteria		
Drinking water source	A	> Total coliform organisms (MPN/100		
without conventional		ml) shall be 50 or less		
treatment but with		➢ pH between 6.5 and 8.5		
chlorination		Dissolved Oxygen 6 mg/l or more,		
		and		
		➢ Biochemical Oxygen Demand 2		
		mg/l or less		
Outdoor bathing	В	➤ Total coliform organisms(MPN/100		
(organized)		ml) shall be 500 or less		
		➢ pH between 6.5 and 8.5		
		Dissolved Oxygen 5 mg/l or more,		
		and		
		➢ Biochemical Oxygen Demand 3		
		mg/l or less		
Drinking water source	С	Total coliform organisms(MPN/100		
with conventional		ml) shall be 5000 or less		
treatment		➢ pH between 6 and 9		
		Dissolved Oxygen 4 mg/l or more,		
		and		
		➢ Biochemical Oxygen Demand 3		
		mg/l or less		
Propagation of	D	▶ pH between 6.5 and 8.5		
wildlife and fisheries		Dissolved Oxygen 4 mg/l or more,		
		and		
		➢ Free ammonia (as N) 1.2 mg/l or		
		less		
Irrigation, industrial	E	➢ pH between 6.0 and 8.5		
cooling, and		Electrical conductivity less than		
controlled disposal		2250 micro mhos/cm,		
		> Sodium Absorption Ratio less than		
		26,		
		➤ and Boron less than 2 mg/l.		
	Below E	≻ Not Meeting A, B, C, D & E Criteria		

S. No.	Parameter	Class	Range	Remark
		C1	<250	Good For Most Soils & Crops
	Flastriad	C2	250-750	Some Leaching For Sensitive
1.	Electrical Conductivity	C3	750-2250	Crop Tolerant Crops & Leaching
		C4	>2250	Only For Permeable Soils And Tolerant Crops
		S1	0-10	Excellent
2.	SAR (Sodium	S2	10-18	Good
Ζ.	Absorption Ratio)	S3	18-26	Fair
		S4	>26	Poor

Table 7 Classification as per Wilcox Technique

#### Table 8 ICAR Standard for Irrigation Water

S. No.	Parameter	limit	Unit
1.	рН	6.5-8.5	-
2.	Electrical Conductivity	2250	
3.	Total Dissolved Solids	2100	mg/L
4.	Chloride	600	mg/L
5.	Sulphate	1000	mg/L
6.	Boron	2	mg/L
7.	% Sodium	60	%
8.	SAR (Sodium Absorbance Ratio)	26	-

# CHAPTER 4 RESULTS AND OBSERVATIONS

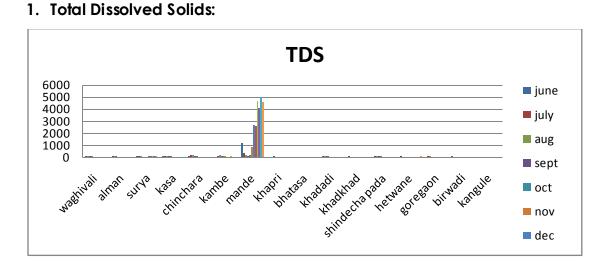
#### 4.1 Results and Conclusions

The water quality monitoring in the area of surface water is performed in order to determine the quality of water. Various parameters are analyzed in the laboratory and 6 parameters are tested at field level. All these tasks recorded are utilized for preparing the Annual Report by performing some specific exercise. This data is considered in order to specify the quality of water at each location. This also helps to determine the pollution level or concentration in each source of water at each station.

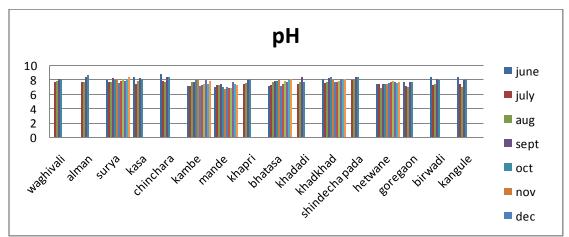
#### 4.2 Critical parameters Identified

After observing all this data it is clear that most of the physical and chemical parameters are within acceptable limit of IS 10500 drinking water standard and CPCB Water Quality Criteria except at Mande location. Bacteriological parameters like Total Coliform and Fecal Colifroms are also exceeding the acceptable limit of IS 10500 drinking water standard at all locations.

The obtained results are compared with acceptable limit of IS 10500 drinking Water Standard and CPCB Water Quality Criteria (A) as follows:



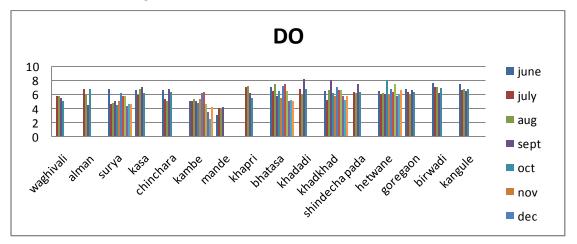
From the above graphical representation, it can be observed that the result of TDS exceeding the acceptable limit as per IS 10500 of Drinking Water Standard at Mande in summer and monsoon season and remaining all location showed results are within the limit at all location in all season.



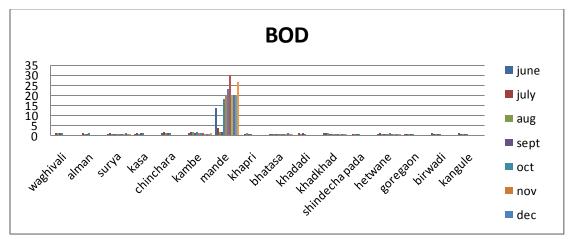


From the above graphical representation, it can be observed that the result of pH is within the acceptable limit as per IS 10500 of Drinking Water Standard at all location in all season.

#### 3. Dissolved Oxygen:



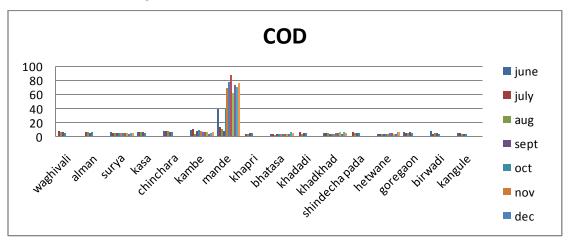
From the above graphical representation, it can be observed that the result of DO above the required limit as per the CPCB water quality criteria except Mande location in all season and Kambe in Summer season showed below the required limit of DO.



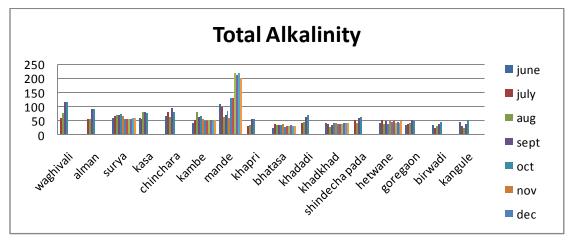
#### 4. Biochemical Oxygen Demand:

From the above graphical representation, it can be observed that the result of BOD exceeding the limit as per CPCB Water Quality Criteria class A at Mande in all season and remaining all location showed results are within the limit at all location in all season.

#### 5. Chemical Oxygen Demand:



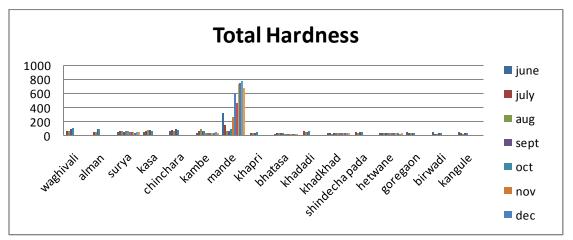
From the above graphical representation, it can be observed that the result of COD is higher at Mande location in all season as compared to other locations.



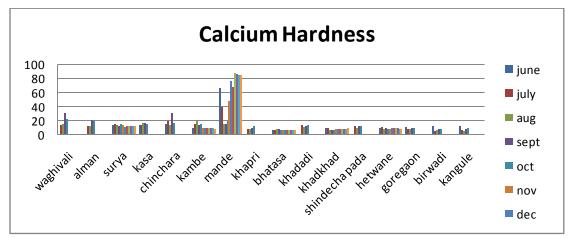
#### 6. Total Alkalinity:

From the above graphical representation, it can be observed that the result of Total alkalinity is within the acceptable limit as per IS 10500 of Drinking Water Standard at all locations in all season.

#### 7. Total Hardness:



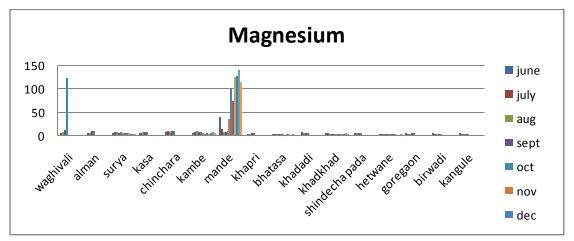
From the above graphical representation, it can be observed that the result of Total Hardness is exceeding the acceptable limit as per IS 10500 of Drinking Water Standard at Mande in summer and winter season and remaining all location showed results are within the limit at all location in all season.



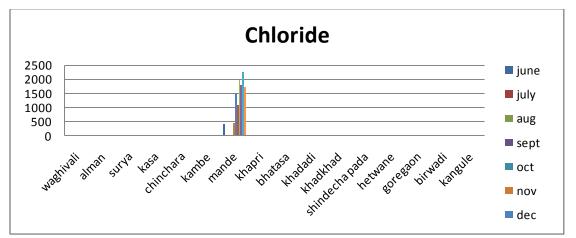
#### 8. Calcium:

From the above graphical representation, it can be observed that the result of Calcium exceeding the acceptable limit as per IS 10500 of Drinking Water Standard at Mande in summer season and remaining all location showed results are within the limit at all location in all season.

#### 9. Magnesium:



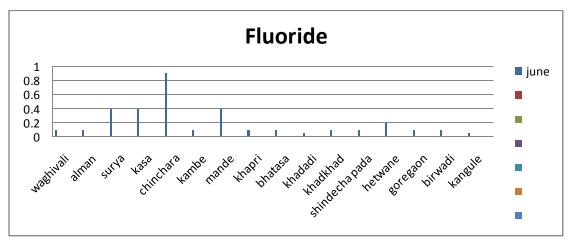
From the above graphical representation, it can be observed that the result of Magnesium exceeding the acceptable limit as per IS 10500 of Drinking Water Standard at Mande in summer season and remaining all location showed results are within the limit at all location in all season.



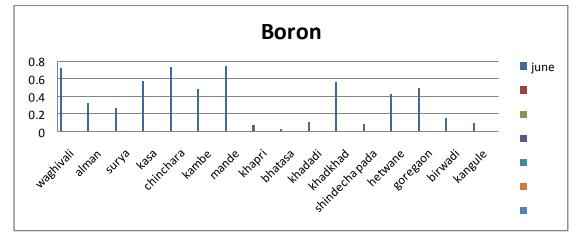
#### 10. Chloride:

From the above graphical representation, it can be observed that the result of Chloride exceeding the acceptable limit as per IS 10500 of Drinking Water Standard at Mande in summer and winter season and remaining all location showed results are within the limit at all location in all season.

#### 11. Fluoride:



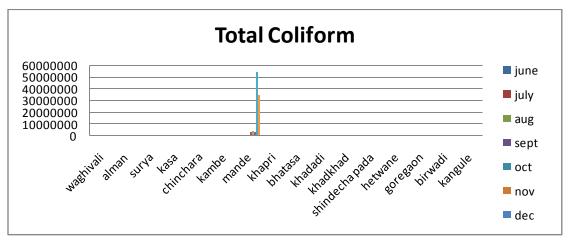
From the above graphical representation, it can be observed that the result of Fluoride within the acceptable limit as per IS 10500 of Drinking Water Standard at all location in all season.



#### 12. Boron:

From the above graphical representation, it can be observed that the result of Boron exceeding the acceptable limit as per IS 10500 of Drinking Water Standard at Kambe, Mande, Kasa, Chinchara in summer season and Khadkhad, Mande, Chinchara, Kal Bridge, Khadadi and Hatwane dam at monsoon season and remaining all location showed results are within the limit at all location in all season.

#### 13. Total Coliforms:



From the above graphical representation, it can be observed that the result of Total Coliforms are exceeding acceptable limit as per IS 10500 of Drinking Water Standard at all location in all season.

\* data sheet attached separately in excel format

### 4.3 Water Quality classification for Irrigation purpose

The obtained result of river water classify on the basis of Wilcox technique considering the alkali hazards and salinity hazards the obtained results are tabulate

S. No.	Name of Location	Classification As per Wilcox Technique	Remarks
I. Damanga	nga Sub-Basin		
1	Khadkhad	C1 & S1	A
2	Khadadi	C1 & S1	A
3	Shindyachapada	C1 & S1	A
II. Vaiterna	Sub-Basin		
1	Waghivali	C1 & S1	A
2	Alman	C1 & S1	A
3	Chinchara	C1 & S1	A
4	Kasa	C1 & S1	A
5	Surya	C1 & S1	A
III. Ulhas Sul	o-Basin		
1	Khapri	C1 & S1	A
2	Mande	C4 & S1	С
3	Kambe	C1 & S1	A
4	Bhatsa	C1 & S1	A

Table 9 Classification of location on the basis of Wilcox technique towards use of water for irrigation purpose

S. No.	Name of Location	Classification As per Wilcox Technique	Remarks
IV. Patalgan	ga Sub-Basin		
1	Hetawane	C1 & S1	A
V. Savitri Sub	o-Basin		
1	Goregaon	C1 & S1	A
2	Kangule	C1 & S1	A
3	Birwadi	C1 & S1	A

Note: A: Water is Good for Irrigation Purpose.

B: Water is Suitable for Irrigation Purpose.

C: Water is suitable for Salt Tolerant Plant.

D: Inadequate data and no flow in the river

		Quality class and suita	bility of water as per
S. No.	River	ICAR Standard	IS 10500
1.	Damanganga	Suitable for irrigation.	Critical parameters: Coliforms
2.	Vaiterna	Suitable for irrigation.	Critical parameters: Coliforms
3.	Ulhas	Suitable for irrigation except Mande	Critical location Mande At other locations Critical parameter: Coliforms
4.	Patalganga	Suitable for irrigation.	Critical parameters: Coliforms
6.	Savitri	Suitable for irrigation.	Critical parameters: Coliforms

S. No.	Good for Irrigation (A)	Suitable for Irrigation (B)	Suitable for Salt Tolerant Plant (C)	Inadequate Data (D)	Total
1	15	_	1	_	16

Table 11 Abstract for classification of water towards Irrigation purpose

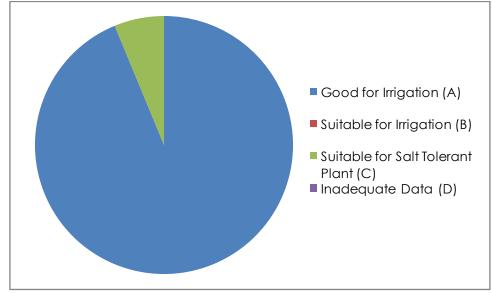


Figure 1 Pie chart for classification of water towards irrigation purpose

### Chapter 5 CONCLUSION

The results were obtained from analysis are compared with the various standard on the basis of usage of water. For the drinking purpose the water compared with the IS 10500 drinking water standard and CPCB water quality criteria and for irrigation purpose the results are compared with ICAR standard and classify as per the Wilcox technique and the conclusions are:

- All the physical parameters are within the acceptable limit as per IS 10500 drinking water quality standard at all location in all seasons except TDS at Made location in summer and winter season.
- All the chemical parameters are within the acceptable limit as per IS 10500 drinking water quality standard at all location in all seasons except Total Hardness, Calcium, Magnesium, Chloride and Boron at Made location in summer and winter location.
- Boron exceeding the acceptable limit as per IS 10500 drinking water quality standard in summer and monsoon at Khadkhad, Kambe, Mande, Chinchara ,Khadadi.
- Total Coliforms exceeding the acceptable limit as per IS 10500 drinking water quality standard at all location in all season. Due to discharge of sewage effluent into the water body.
- The water analysis results compared the CPCB water quality criteria except Mande location all chemical parameters are within the limit.
- The water analysis results compared the CPCB water quality criteria all locations showed exceeding the limit of bacteriological parameters.
- The location Mande identified as critical polluted. Mande locations showed exceeding the almost all parameters. It may be point source of discharge of domestic and industrial effluent.

- > Water analysis results are compared with the ICAR standard all locations are suitable for irrigation purpose except Made location.
- As per Wilcox technique water classify as good for irrigation at all location except Mande location.
- Mande classify as suitable for salt tolerant plant as per Wilcox technique.

#### **REMEDIAL MESAURES:**

- Use of such water for salt tolerance crop is recommended based on special study.
- Before letting out to the downstream reservoir such source of water to be taken into consideration for the specific use.
- Classification of source may be as per use of water for irrigation based on Sodium Absorption Ratio, Percent Sodium, and Residual Sodium Carbonate.
- Effluent from non point sources to be treated before discharging into the river.
- Use of direct source of water to be avoided.
  - Bathing at such location should be restricted.

### **OTHER ACTIVITIES**

#### 6.1 REVENUE GENERATION TO GOVERNMENT OF MAHARASHTRA

Apart from monitoring of water quality network for Water Quality lab level II at Kalwa (Thane), the infrastructure facility is made available to the users from various Government, Non Government, Private sector as well as individuals.

The facility is availed by many users with testing of sample towards drinking purpose, STP purpose.

During the period June 2014 to May 2015, some clients approached to the laboratory.

Total revenue of Rs. 24796/- has been generated during this period.

The valuable clientele who availed the facilities of this laboratory are as per Annexure-I.

#### Annexure I

### **Customer Feedback Forms**

WALL	<b><i>QUALITY LAB</i></b>	LEVEL-II, HII	DROLOGY PRC	DJECT DIVISIO	ON, KALWA (TH
			Issue No.:01		Rev No:00
	QF/MR/12	6	Date: 05/10/	2011	Page No: 01 of 0
		CUSTOMER (FOR LAB TES	FEEDBACI		n.
Name	of customer :	ThyssenKru	pp Elevato	v Dat	: 28_07_2
Туре	of sample :	Drinking	Lood en		
Refere	nce :				
8.1					
1. Wh	ether testing is d	lone within time	frame?	Yes	
2. Wh	ether the specific			Yes	
3. Any	comments?	Best w	shes & th	anks for	support
			Her	ator (India)	
	& Seal of Custom	- 24		CSC	
ONLY	FOR OFFICE	USE	Hooly 1925	* partit	DEMADE
	FOR OFFICE	25 62	GRADE A	15	REMARK A
ONLY MAR	FOR OFFICE KS M/ if all three qu positive if any two qu positive	USE ARKING estion's answer is estion's answer is	GRADE	RATING	
ONLY MAR	FOR OFFICE KS M/ if all three qu positive if any two qu positive if any two qu	USE ARKING estion's answer is	GRADE A	RATING good	REMARK

RATING: A (gerd)

GovyosignatureAnalyst Water Quelly Banearol - II Kaline (Colling) II - IEAD YET WIEROBERM IS KIEUY IUC UNITEROBERM IS KIEUY IUC UNITEROB

Prepared By

Approved By

55

WATER QUALITY LAB. LEVEL-II, HY	DROLOGY PROJECT DI	VISION, KALWA (THANE)
	Issue No.:01	Rev No:00
QF/MR/12	Date: 05/10/2011	Page No: 01 of 01

#### CUSTOMER FEEDBACK FORM (FOR LAB TESTING ASSIGNMENT)

Name of customer	: Ms. Gangoti S. Nist	Date: 10/02/15
Type of sample	: Effluent, BW, OL	۱.
Reference	:	
	.*:	
1. Whether testing is	done within time frame?	Yes/No
2. Whether the speci	fied parameters checked?	NYES/No

3. Any comments?

Sign & Seal of Customer : G.S. Autora

#### ONLY FOR OFFICE USE MARKS MARKING 30 if all three question's answer is REMARK GRADE RATING A good A 30 if all three question's answer is positive if any two question's answer is positive if any one question's answer is positive if all question's answer is negative В satisfactory 20 С unsatisfactory 10 C - Negative 00 poor

RATING:

Prepared By

A

I/C Signature Government Analyst Water Ouslity Lab Level - II Kalwa (Thane).

Approved By

55

WATER QUALITY LAB. LEVEL-II, H	Issue No.:01	Rev No:00
QF/MR/12	Date: 05/10/2011	Page No: 01 of 01
	CR FEEDBACK FOR TESTING ASSIGNMENT)	M
Type of sample : Drinkin	TDOGT	Date: 30   4   20
Reference :		
1 Williah		X-AL
1. Whether testing is done within tin	ne frame?	Yes/No

M.K. Pawaskar Sign & Seal of Customer :

MARKS	• MARKING	GRADE	RATING	REMARK
30	if all three question's answer is positive	A	good	L
20	if any two question's answer is positive	В	satisfactory	
10	if any one question's answer is positive	С	unsatisfactory	
00	if all question's answer is negative	C - Negative	poor	

RATING: A

Prepared By

When the	
I/C Signature Government Analyst	
Water Quality Lab Lovel - 11	
Kalwa (Thane).	

Approved By

55

MASTER COPY

Date: 05/12/2011       Page No: 01 of 0         CUSTOMER FEEDBACK FORM (FOR LAB TESTING ASSIGNMENT)         Name of customer       SWashik Regalia CO. OP HS&. Date: 2015115         Name of customer       SWashik Regalia CO. OP HS&. Date: 2015115         Type of sample       STP Plant         Reference       :         1. Whether testing is done within time frame?       Nes/No         2. Whether the specified parameters checked?       Nes/No	QF/MI	AB. LEVEL-II, HYDROLOGY P R/12 Issue No.:	01 Rev No:	
CUSTOMER FEEDBACK FORM (FOR LAB TESTING ASSIGNMENT) Name of customer : Swashik Regalia CO. OP HS&. Date: 2015115 KaveLar Villege ThanelusSoc. Type of sample : STP Plant Reference : 1. Whether testing is done within time frame? 2. Whether the specified parameters checked?	Quint	Date: 05/1	2/2011 Page No	o: 01 of 01
Type of sample       STP flant         Reference       :         1. Whether testing is done within time frame?       Nes/No         2. Whether the specified parameters checked?       Nes/No	2		CK FORM	
Type of sample       STP flant         Reference       :         1. Whether testing is done within time frame?       Ves/No         2. Whether the specified parameters checked?       Ves/No	Name of customer	: Swashik Regulia co	0.00 HSk. Date: 20	15115
1. Whether testing is done within time frame?       Nes/No         2. Whether the specified parameters checked?       Ves/No	Type of sample	STP Plant	anelusoc.	
2. Whether the specified parameters checked?	Reference			
2. Whether the specified parameters checked?				
	1. Whether testing i	s done within time frame?	Nes/No	
2 4	2 11/1 11	ified parameters checked?	Ves/No	
3. Any comments?	2. Whether the spec			

Sign & Seal of Customer :

MARKS	MARKING	GRADE	RATING	REMARK
30	if all three question's answer is positive	, A	good	
20	if any two question's answer is positive	В	satisfactory	
10	if any one question's answer is positive	С	unsatisfactory	
00	if all question's answer is negative	C - Negative	poor	

RATING: A

)

Eliphitele Goversignating Analyst Water Quarty Leo Lovel - U Kanwa (Thane).

	Boch	
10000	Prepared By ASSI. M. R.	
	ASSI. W. R.	

CONTROLLED COPY 69

Approved By M. R.

## Annexure IV

# Photographs







